

Solving For Time When the Initial Velocity is Not Zero

QUADFORM TO THE RESCUE

(we will discuss an alternate method as well...)

> A stone is dropped from a helicopter while the helicopter is rising with a constant velocity of 3.0 m/s. If the stone was dropped from a height of 30.0 meters how long will it take for the rock to reach the ground?

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= 3.0\text{m/s} \\ \Delta y &= -30\text{m} \\ a &= -9.8\text{m/s}^2 \\ t &=? \end{aligned} \quad \Delta y = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$-30\text{m} = (3.0\text{m/s})t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8\text{m/s}^2)t^2$$

$$4.9t^2 - 3.0t - 30 = 0$$

Quadratic equation:
 $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

Solving with the quadratic equation:

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{-(-3) \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(4.9)(-30)}}{2(4.9)}$$

Do a bunch of math and you get two answers:

2.80 sec and -2.19 sec

Always choose the positive answer. Time is never negative. If both positive choose the reasonable answer for the problem.

QUADFORM

Or you could choose to use Quadform. A TI calculator program that solves the quadratic equation for you.

$$4.9t^2 - 3.0t - 30 = 0$$

Quadratic equation: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

Use the quadform program on your calculator!!!!!! If you don't have it; get it.

Enter these variables:

A = 4.9

You get two roots: 2.80 sec and -2.19 sec

B = -3.0

Time is always positive!!

C = -30

Note: If you mess up the signs for v_i or Δy then the roots you get will not be correct!!!!!!!!!!!!

Sample Problem 2

Laying on the second floor in the F Wing a Bowie student spits up into the air. The phlegm leaves his mouth at 7.50 m/s. How long do the unfortunate students 4.0 meters below have to get out of harm's way.

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= +7.5\text{m/s} \\ \Delta y &= -4.0\text{m} \\ a &= -9.8\text{m/s}^2 \\ t &=? \end{aligned} \quad \Delta y = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$-4.0\text{m} = (7.5\text{m/s})t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8\text{m/s}^2)t^2$$

A = 4.9

$$4.9t^2 - 7.5t - 4.0 = 0$$

B = -7.5

Roots = **+1.95 s** and -0.419 s

C = -4.0

Practice

- The cliff diving gazelle is at it again This time it jumps straight downward with a velocity of 4 m/s. If cliff was 30 meters high, how long was the gazelle in the air?

Known:

$$V_i = -4\text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -9.8\text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Delta y = -30\text{m}$$

Unknown:

$$t = ??$$

$$\Delta y = V_i t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$-30\text{m} = (-4\text{m/s})t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8\text{m/s}^2)t^2$$

$$4.9t^2 + 4t - 30 = 0$$

Using quadform: $t = 2.1\text{ s}$; or -2.92 s . We always use the positive root ... so $t = 2.1\text{ s}$ is the answer.